

















# throwing it all away

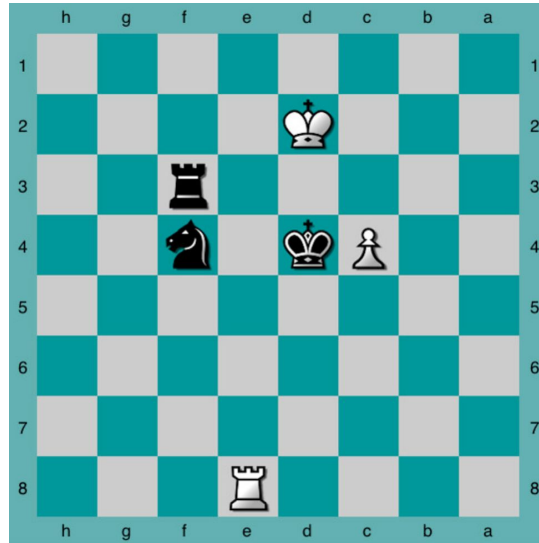
how extreme rewriting changed the way I build databases

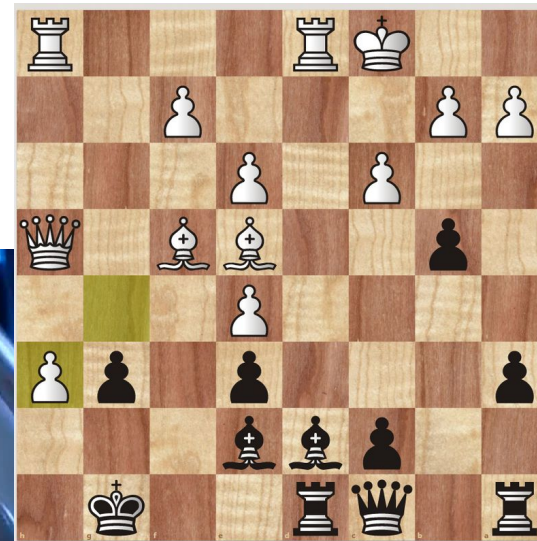
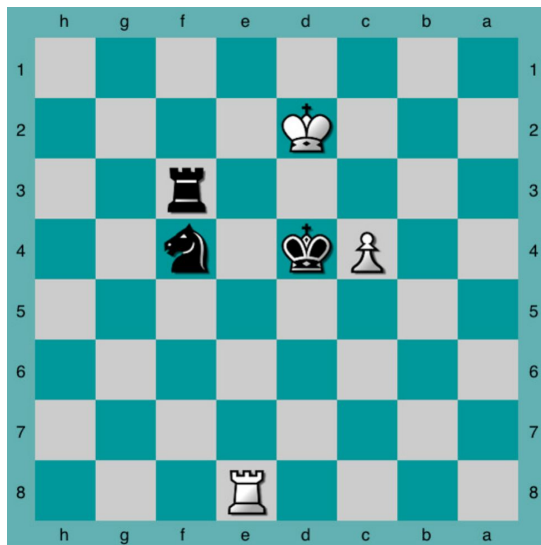
Tyler Neely HYTRADBOI 2025

# who am I

- ❖ Tyler Neely
- ❖ distributed databases since 2012
- ❖ building sled, lots of db-related projects

<p> <b>sled</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>the champagne of beta embedded databases</p> <p> Rust  8.3k  390</p>	<p> <b>rio</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>pure rust io_uring library, built on libc, thread &amp; async friendly, misuse resistant</p> <p> Rust  943  47</p>	<p><b>marble</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>garbage-collecting on-disk object store, supporting higher level KV stores and databases.</p> <p> Rust  374  14</p>	<p><b>concurrent-map</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>lock-free B+ tree</p> <p> Rust  280  13</p>
<p> <b>tla-rust</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>writing correct lock-free and distributed stateful systems in Rust, assisted by TLA+</p> <p> TLA  1.1k  26</p>	<p> <b>rust-rocksdb/rust-rocksdb</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>rust wrapper for rocksdb</p> <p> Rust  1.9k  750</p>	<p><b>terrors</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>ergonomic and precise error handling built atop type-level set arithmetic</p> <p> Rust  215  6</p>	<p><b>tiny-lsm</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>super simple in-memory blocking LSM for constant-size keys and values</p> <p> Rust  68  4</p>
<p> <b>void-rs/void</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>terminal-based personal organizer</p> <p> Rust  1.1k  38</p>	<p> <b>flamegraph-rs/flamegraph</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>Easy flamegraphs for Rust projects and everything else, without Perl or pipes &lt;3</p> <p> Rust  4.9k  154</p>	<p><b>cache-advisor</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>scan-resistant concurrent lazy LRU</p> <p> Rust  58  1</p>	<p><b>art</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>Adaptive Radix Trie implementation for fixed-length keys</p> <p> Rust  53  7</p>
<p> <b>rust-crdt/rust-crdt</b> <span>Public</span></p> <p>a collection of well-tested, serializable CRDTs for Rust</p> <p> Rust  1.4k  60</p>			





# sled complexity issues

- ❖ building sled since 2016
- ❖ modularity decays as concepts evolve
- ❖ productivity drops
- ❖ I hit a wall

# My assumptions were challenged

- ❖ I briefly met Joe Armstrong at Erlang Factory 2015
- ❖ He told me to throw away anything you can't finish in a day.
- ❖ I didn't think it was good at the time.
- ❖ But it was.

## the birth of komora

- ❖ I decided to try to rewrite sled in a day
- ❖ The next day, I would throw it away and start over
- ❖ I would keep the tests and high level interfaces
- ❖ Often, I would decide to just focus on a small recurring component
- ❖ komora was born



**Komora**

👤 278 followers

🔗 <http://komora.io>

README.md



## komora

key	value
wtf are these?	declassified industrial stateful system components
<a href="#">marble</a>	garbage-collecting object store
<a href="#">concurrent-map</a>	lock-free in-memory B+ tree
<a href="#">terrors</a>	precise error handling built atop type-level set arithmetic
<a href="#">sharded-log</a>	low-contention logger
<a href="#">tiny-lsm</a>	KV for fixed-size items
<a href="#">ebr</a>	epoch-based reclamation
<a href="#">pagetable</a>	concurrent (wait-free!) 4-level pagetable
<a href="#">art</a>	adaptive radix trie
<a href="#">fault-injection</a>	io::Error testing triggers and source annotation
<a href="#">shared-local-state</a>	manage dynamic concurrent thread state
<a href="#">inline-array</a>	DB-focused low-space shared byte array container
<a href="#">cache-advisor</a>	scan-resistant non-blocking sharded concurrent LRU
<a href="#">metadata-store</a>	a write and recovery-only store for u64->NonZeroU64+bytes mappings
<a href="#">optimistic-cell</a>	lock-like structure for highly efficient scalable concurrent access
<a href="#">stack-map</a>	constant-size associative structure for composing into high-level structures





# Some Connections

- ❖ Leveson's Safety Engineering
- ❖ O'Reily's take on Residuality Theory
- ❖ Kuhn's theory on Scientific Revolutions

# Engineering a Safer World

Systems Thinking Applied  
to Safety

Nancy G. Leveson



ENGINEERING SYSTEMS

© Leveson - 8  
Computers and Risk

## Advantages = Disadvantages

- Computer so powerful and so useful because it has eliminated many of physical constraints of previous machines.
- Both its blessing and its curse:
  - + No longer have to worry about physical realization of our designs.
  - No longer have physical laws that limit the complexity of our designs.

# Systems Theoretic Safety Engineering

- ❖ Reliability-based models of root causes, component failures etc.. has it upside down
- ❖ Instead, focus on control that specifically avoids undesired outcomes
- ❖ From this lens:
  - we want to avoid high complexity
  - coding over time causes complexity
  - adding a one-day max limit controls this

Human optimizations are usually the most meaningful optimizations.

Thank you :)